



## WEBSITE OR DEVICE COOKIE CHECKLIST

Cookies & tracking technology on any device that connects to the internet eg website, phone, laptop or IoT

### COOKIE POP-UP OR BANNER STATEMENT

<b>As the user lands on your site</b>	Ensure a Cookie Permission statement is clearly visible, such as a pop-up or a permission banner (using your preferred design & wording format)
<b>Consent or Reject</b>	Using plain language, briefly explain that the device uses cookies with the option to 'Accept All' or provide "More Information"
<b>Equal Importance</b>	'More Information' button must have equal visibility to the user as "Accept"
<b>Privacy &amp; Cookie Policy</b>	Ensure the banner does not obscure the access to your Privacy or Cookie buttons
<b>Access to Cookie Policy</b>	If you choose to insert the Cookie Policy link within the Banner statement, ensure it is still available to view when the banner disappears
<b>Accept or Reject</b>	Suggest you do not offer 'Accept' or 'Reject' only. As Reject must reject ALL cookies that are not 'Strictly Necessary', which may reduce 'user experience' unnecessarily (user may be happy with YouTube plug-in but not Google Analytics)
<b>'X' or Ignore</b>	X out, no action or pop-up simply disappears cannot be taken as consent. Cookies cannot be activated until user has actively consented to the use
<b>Consent by Implication</b>	It is not permissible to assume consent eg "By continuing to use this website, cookies will be activated"
<b>User-friendly Consent</b>	The user must be able to withdraw consent as easily as they gave it

ALL ORGANISATIONS BASED IN IRELAND HAVE BEEN GIVEN UNTIL 6TH OCTOBER 2020 TO BRING THEIR TECHNICAL DEVICES SUCH AS WEBSITES, MOBILE APPS AND IOT INTO COMPLIANCE WITH E-PRIVACY REGULATION & GDPR BEFORE ENFORCEMENT & FINES COMMENCE.

## DEFINE YOUR COOKIES – FUNCTIONAL

<b>Strictly Necessary</b>	Strictly necessary cookies enable core functionality, such as security, network management and accessibility.
<b>Explicitly Requested</b>	Necessary cookies also cover explicitly requested functions eg shopping basket tracking
<b>No Consent Required</b>	These are the only cookie functions that do not require consent eg they can have a pre-ticked box or slider set to ON
<b>Turn off at Browser</b>	Offer the user the ability to disable at browser settings, warning this will affect the website function
<b>Indefinite Expiry Date</b>	Check 'expiry' date such as session cookies. They should not have an indefinite expiry date and should be set to expire when or shortly after it has served its function eg ticket purchase
<b>Defining Necessary</b>	The definition of necessary is tight and does not simply apply to improved user experience. Document your definition & decision, ideally in your Cookie Policy
<b>Bundle Consent</b>	You can 'bundle' all necessary cookies although they may have different functions

E-PRIVACY REGULATION APPLIES TO THE USE OF ALL COOKIES THAT STORE OR TRACK ANY INFORMATION BOTH IDENTIFIABLE (PERSONAL DATA) OR ANONYMISED/AGGREGATED DATA.

## DEFINE YOUR COOKIES – NON-FUNCTIONAL

<b>Not strictly necessary</b>	Although they may enrich the user experience and may appear as basic functions, all other Cookies are non-functional and all need consent
<b>Active Consent</b>	The user must actively opt-in. No "pre-ticked" boxes or sliders set to ON
<b>Activation upon Consent</b>	All non-functional cookies must remain OFF until consent has been received eg a 'chat box' cannot be deployed until consent is received
<b>Bundle Consent</b>	You cannot 'bundle' consent for multiple functions. Consent is not required for every Cookie but for every purpose.

<b>Turn off at Browser</b>	The option to disable non-necessary cookies at the user's own browser cannot be the only option given to the user
<b>Expiry Date</b>	Ensure all non-functional cookies have a clear expiry date and the lifespan should be outlined in the Cookie Policy for transparency
<b>Analytics</b>	All analytics require consent either internal tracking or third-party tracking eg Google analytics. This includes the use of personal or anonymised data
<b>Customer Journey</b>	A suggested option would be to introduce pop-up consent during the customer journey and before they access a specific function eg BrowseAloud for text-to-speech functionality or YouTube before you demonstrate a product.
<b>Privacy-enhanced</b>	A suggestion, if you embed videos from channels such as YouTube, you may wish to limit activity to your own official channel where you can control settings. Consider using privacy-enhanced mode, where possible.
<b>Re-confirm Consent</b>	Ensure appropriate controls are in place to track and update consent and preference changes. Re-confirm consent after a set period of time - suggested time-frame 6 months

## EXAMPLES OF COOKIES THAT REQUIRE CONSENT

<b>Mailchimp</b>	Any campaign management tool that tracks email campaigns, such as open rates, bounces
<b>IP Address</b>	IP tracers to identify and track IP addresses are tracking personal data and these cookies are covered under both GDPR & e-Privacy regulation
<b>Location ON</b>	Location tracking or 'local' store location. Asking the user to switch Location ON
<b>Facebook</b>	Links to your organization's official social media channels or social activity such as 'like' or 'Share'

**ACTION STEPS**

<b>Cookie Audit</b>	Ask IT or MDdm to carry out a Cookie Audit. You may well be surprised what you locate 'under the bonnet'
<b>Define Cookie Type</b>	Define & document strictly necessary & non-necessary cookies. Outline, in summary, in your Cookie Policy
<b>Expiry Dates</b>	Check your cookie expiry dates and ensure non-functional or session cookies have an appropriate date stamp. Display this in your Cookie Policy
<b>Consent</b>	Review your consent statement and update or implement a 2 <sup>nd</sup> step Cookie Review & Consent
<b>Cookie Policy</b>	Review & update your Cookie Policy / Statement to ensure it meets new regulation guidelines
<b>Record of Processing</b>	Under GDPR, carry out a yearly Data Audit (ROP) of your website that sits alongside your Cookie Audit to track the process of data in and out of the website
<b>DPIA</b>	Review the need to carry out a Data Protection Impact Assessment (DPIA) for the use of Cookies and processing of personal data
<b>Privacy Setting</b>	Check privacy settings & privacy policies from third-party plug-ins
<b>Responsibility &amp; Liability</b>	Check your contracts with all third-party plug-ins. Do you remain the Controller (responsible) or are you joint-Controller (shared responsibilities)? Do you have appropriate Data Processing Agreements (DPA's) in place?

AS YOUR DATA PROTECTION OFFICER OR DATA PRIVACY CONSULTANT, WE ARE HERE TO ANSWER ANY QUESTIONS YOU MAY HAVE OR ANY CONCERNS IN RELATION TO CHANGES IN REGULATION. WE ARE HAPPY TO WORK WITH YOU TO IMPLEMENT PRIVACY-FRIENDLY CHANGES TO YOUR COMMUNICATION STRATEGY.